DIRECTIONS FOR PLAYING THE DELIGHTFUL GAME OF

"PARCHEESI,"

GREAT BACKGAMMON BOARD OF INDIA. THE

E. G. SELCHOW & CO., PUBLISHERS, NEW-YORK.

PARCHEESI, The term applied to this Game in India, signifies "the greatest number won or gained in play," hence the player who gets the highest count "makes Parcheesi."

The Game can be played by two, three or four persons; each player having one die, a dice cen and four pieces which may be called men; the pieces of each player being of a different color to those of the other players, so that they may be quickly distinguished while

playing.
The players will sit opposite each other. Each player will place his four pieces on the square, and within the circle, at his right hand, marked "A" in diagram; then, any player may commence the game by throwing his die; the players throw in succession until 5 is thrown; the player throwing the number enters one piece on the space and on the small circle at his right hand, marked: "a" which is called the "blatting space" of the player.

The players throw in succession whether they enter or not.

After a player has entered a piece, he can then count forward according to his throws, and his piece in the direction of the line (see diagram) until he brings it round to the red space opposite him, which is called his Home Path, and we to the Home Path until he can move it into the center part of the board which is "Home. The player who first gets his four men Home wins the game.

Into player who first gets his four near Homo wins the game.
When counting, the squeeze between the lines, and not the lines, are counted; for instance, if a piece be on the squee marked "a" and 3 be thrown, count forward 3 squeeze, and place the piece on "b"; if the player then throws 2, place the piece on "c" and no on.
While a piece resist on a squee in which there is a small circle it cannot be captured; these squeeze are called the "Safety Points;" but if any player throws a number which would count to a squeen not having a circle, and on which there is the piece of an oppount, locan capture the piece, leave his in place of it, and return it to its owner, who must again enter it in the small number.

no can capture, use puece, leave has in puece or it, and return it to its owner, who massagam enter it in no want manner.

If two pieces of a color rest, on the same space, it is called a filled-ade, and cannot be passed by applayer, even though they may be his own pieces, while it remains unbracks. If the cannot move without passing his one Blockade, he must break it to fose his move.

No player can place a piece on a "Safety "oint," neither can be canter a piece on his "Each fig Space" while the piece of his opposite the piece of a break piece is the cannot be supposed.

nent is on them. If any player throws 6 he counts forward 12, and he is entitled to a second throw; if his second throw be 6, he again counts forward 12, and is entitled to a third throw; if the third throw be 6, he must take off the piece he has nearest Home" and enter it again in the usual

manner.

heyer is not obliged to explain the piece of an appoint.

When a piece is on the "I home 1 th" is a same the counted "Home" until a number is it was which would count 'Home a space, for usdame, (See Diagram.) If a piece he on "/," 3 must be thrown here it can be counted "none," or, if on "g," I must be thrown.

When counting, the space on which a piece rest is not counted.

Only one piece can be moved at a time, but either of the four can be moved at discretion of the player.

Each player can have only one throw, except when 6 is thrown. A player having all his pieces near home, should be followed up, and, if possible, captured and sent back again to be re-entered.

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the wear 1873, by Jours Hausters, in the Clerk's Office in the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York.

IMPROVED METHOD. THE TWO DICE GAME

Players familiar with the "Single Dieo Game" will laxe filled difficulty in Jerrolog the "Improved Method," which is more compileated, and is inlended to furnish for abult players with the 0th Method lacks, viz.: varies of points or catched in the Game to week and keep the inside of the players constantly on the abert, as in more skilling but leaves amounting genere.

Observe the directions for the Single Die Came, with the following exceptions: play single or partnership, each player using two dice. All the players throw for the lead, the one having the lowest number, opens the Game by another throw for entering.

Enter one piece for every throw of 5. All numbers thrown not including 5 (when physical to enter the first piece) are scored by the oppo-

after one piece not every throw or s. All numbers known but measuring 6 (even propage to eate the piece piece) are second by the opponents.

After a player has one piece extend, all bit throws count for its entries or now as encordingly, and piece as follows: 1.8t, If five is thrown by combination of 3 and 2, or 4 and 1, enter one piece; 24, If a 5 is thrown which 1, 2, 3, 4, of, 6, enter for the faund move forward are many speece as the end their made in thinkers; 34, If double 6, outer two pieces. or if only one piece remains to be entered, enter it, and move that or any other of your pieces forward as many spaces as your doublet en-

titles you to, less 5, the number entered on. Doublets entitle the player to the next throw as often as they occur.

Doublets thrown by a player previous to his pieces being all entered, count only the number of eyes uppermost on the dice; after all his pieces are entered, the number of eyes on top and underneath are be he counted, as in Russian Backgammon. Moves may be made when doublets occur, either with one piece, the whole number of spaces indicated by the dice, or with two or more

ances may no mane when nonness occur, claims was one piece, the winds number of spaces indicated by on dice, or with two or more pieces, mored singly, a different number of spaces, the second more charles, the case mumber of spaces indicated by the throw.

Two pieces (or a "Blockade") can not be moved may number of spaces logistics; only one piece can be moved at a time. Capturing an opponent's piece counts 2D points for the output, and the player; or when it belongs must reporter it on his first following.

throw of 5. Any player neglecting to observe this point of the rule forfeits 20 points from his score at the end of the Game. An opponent's pieco cannot be captured on a "Safety Point," but others may pass by it (with the following exceptions): When the Entering Space" of a player is occupied by a single piece of another player, the former, if he has an opportunity to enter or re-enter a piece,

may do so, thereby capturing the opponent's piece and scoring 20 points therefor. Observe the Blockade as in other Game.

Each piece moved around the course and to its "Home" by the rules of the old Game count 10 points for the player.
The side or player who moves all his pieces "Home" first, concludes the Game. The Game is wen by the side or player which scores the highest number of points. The chief aim of the players in this Method of the Game is to capture as often as possible, so as to make the highest score.

A last or norn copy of these Rules, with Diagram, may be replaced by any owner of the Game, by enclosing a three cent postage stamp to the Publishers, 37 John Street, New-York.

Counters or pieces for the game can also be furnished on application.