

RADIO QUESTION BEE GAME SET NUMBER 3

Published by arrangement with LOUIS G. COWAN,
originator of the "Quiz Kids" radio program.

INSTRUCTIONS

This game consists of 36 cards with 72 questions. The correct answers are printed on this sheet. The game may be played by any number of persons. One of the players is chosen to act as Master of Ceremonies. He reads the questions, checks the answers, and keeps score. A time limit of 10 minutes is set for each game. The cards are placed in a pile in front of the M.C. The answer sheet, a watch, and paper and pencil for keeping score are near at hand. The M.C. draws the card from the top of the pile and reads the question aloud. Any player who knows the answer raises his hand. The M.C. calls upon the player who raises his hand first. If the answer is given correctly, the M.C. credits the player with 10 points. If the answer is partially correct, the M.C. may give the player part credit. The player having the most points at the end of the ten minutes, wins the game and becomes the M.C. for the next game. The questions that have been answered, are put aside and not used in the second game. When all the questions printed on one side of the cards have been used, the cards are turned over and the questions on the other side are used.

ANSWERS

QUIZ KIDS: RADIO QUESTION BEE GAME



1. Shakespeare. *Who is Sylvia* is from *Two Gentlemen of Verona*. *Hark! Hark! the Lark* is from *Cymbeline*.
2. Guadalcanal in the Solomon Islands. The U. S. Marines landed on Guadalcanal on August 7, 1942, in the first genuine allied offensive in the Pacific.
3. (1) Achilles killed Hector.
(2) Paris killed Achilles.
(3) Philoctetes killed Paris.
4. They're all from *Merchant of Venice*.
5. Jackson, Mississippi. (Stonewall Jackson was noted for his Shenandoah Valley Campaign.)
6. Lincoln's first term (1861-65). Custer's last battle was fought June 25, 1876.
7. Healing the leper (St. Matthew 8:3; St. Mark 1:41; St. Luke 5:13).
8. (1) Denmark.
(2) Sicily

9. Napoleon Bonaparte.
10. Flush was the cocker spaniel belonging to Elizabeth Barrett Browning.
Sandy is the mongrel owned by Little Orphan Annie in the comic strip by Harold Gray.
Toto is the terrier owned by Dorothy in the *Wizard of Oz* by Frank Baum.
11. Because the Japanese use a different system of dating. They usually date events according to the eras of their emperors. The date given will be the 17th year of Showa or 2062.
12. Easily. They're the same mountain. Seattle residents call it Mount Rainier, and Tacoma citizens call it Mount Tacoma.
13. In order to give their porridge time to cool.
14. Jacques Cartier, a French explorer who discovered the St. Lawrence River in 1534, and Jacques Marquette, a French missionary who explored the Mississippi River with Joliet in 1673.
15. The yeast plant grows in the bread sponge, changing the starch of the flour into sugar, and then decomposes the sugar into carbon dioxide and alcohol. At this stage gas begins to form and the dough is honeycombed with bubbles of gas which give the dough the effect of rising.
16. The Owl and the Pussy Cat in the poem of the same name by Edward Lear.

17. Empire State Building, 1,250 feet. The Eiffel Tower is 984 feet high and the Washington Monument is 555 feet high.
18. Horatio.
19. She didn't have any children of her own and made the gingerbread boy so she wouldn't be lonesome.
20. An oak tree (standing until 1856) in Hartford, Connecticut, in which the Connecticut charter was concealed in 1687.
21. Keep it under her hat.
22. Gaius Julius Caesar, who wrote of the invasion of Gaul.
23. An old fairy pronounced that she should prick her finger on a spindle and die, but another fairy changed this to merely falling asleep for one hundred years.
24. \$7.20.
25. Catherine the Great of Russia was born in Prussia, Germany.
26. Hiawatha in *The Song of Hiawatha* by Longfellow.
27. The rhinoceros left his skin on the bank one day when he went swimming and a Parsee filled it with bread crumbs. When the rhinoceros put the skin on again it itched so much that he made it wrinkled by scratching against the palm trees.
28. Mexico, the peninsula of Yucatan.

29. The Little Lame Prince in the story of the same name by Mrs. Craik or Miss Dinah Marie Mulock.
30. Elizabeth (St. Luke, Chapter 1). She was a descendant of Aaron and cousin of Mary, mother of Jesus.
31. Richard Evelyn Byrd.
32. Because of the ancient ruins of the Mayan civilization found there.
33. Warsaw, Poland, in 1867.
34. Little Black Sambo in *The Story of Little Black Sambo* by Helen Bannerman.
35. (1) *al fresco* means cooking out of doors.
(2) *compote* is a dish of fruits stewed in syrup.
(3) *croutons* are fried or toasted bread cut into small cubes and served with soup or used for garnishing.
36. Madison, Wisconsin. James Madison was the fourth president.
37. Peter. Jesus bestowed this name on Simon, the brother of Andrew, who became a disciple, companion, and finally apostle to Jesus.
38. Jean Lafitte. He was pardoned as a reward for his services to General Jackson during the Battle of New Orleans.
39. In *Peter Pan* by James Barrie.

40. No. Only enlisted men and women are awarded the good conduct medal. Chaplains are always officers.
41. Bobby Shaftoe in the Mother Goose jingle.
Bobby Shaftoe's gone to sea,
Silver buckles on his knee
He'll come back to marry me,
Pretty Bobby Shaftoe.
42. Marco Polo's journey to China, 1271-75. Columbus discovered America in 1492.
43. Benjamin Franklin.
44. "Speak roughly to your little boy,
And beat him when he sneezes:
He only does it to annoy.
Because he knows it teases."
45. In *The Tempest*. Prospero causes the wind to wreck a ship which is bringing his brother, Antonio, and Sebastian and others to his island.
46. *The Prince and the Pauper* by Mark Twain.
47. Hannibal Hamlin, 1861-65, and Andrew Jackson for one month and eleven days in 1865.
48. Ecuador, Peru, Colombia and Brazil.
49. He prayed that his gift of the golden touch might be revoked, and at the command of the gods he washed in the river,

- Pactolus; the sands of the river became mixed with gold and Midas was cured.
50. All could have, but none did.
51. In *Puss in Boots*.
52. Cassiopeia.
53. The barefoot boy in the poem, *Barefoot Boy* by Whittier.
54. Ferdinand Magellan, Portuguese explorer and navigator. He discovered the Marianas on his trip around the world in 1521.
55. Molly Pitcher. She took over her fallen husband's duties at the cannon during the Battle of Monmouth, June, 1778.
56. *Little Men* by Louisa M. Alcott.
57. He wasn't elected for a second term.
58. Louisiana and Minnesota.
59. Homer. He wrote the *Iliad* which was about the Trojan Wars.
60. Pocahontas belonged to the Powhatan tribe; Tecumseh belonged to the Shawnee tribe.
61. Hiawatha in *The Song of Hiawatha* by Longfellow.
62. Aristotle (384-322 B.C.). He taught Alexander the Great from 347 to 335 B.C. at the Macedonian Court.

63. (1) Trinidad.
(2) Oahu.
(3) Rhode Island.
64. Pinocchio. He built a fire and when the fish coughed because of the smoke, Pinocchio went out with the smoke.
65. Jonathan Chapman who gave seeds or seedling apple trees to hundreds of pioneers in the Middle West and became known to Indians and whites alike as Johnny Appleseed.
66. The capital of Florida is pronounced "Tallahassee."
67. In *Martha* by Von Flotow. The farmer, Lionel, turns out to be the Earl of Derby.
68. The American Revolution, 1775-1781. The French Revolution occurred between 1789 and 1795.
69. There are twenty-one countries in Latin America, and Spanish is the official language in twenty of them. Portuguese is spoken in Brazil.
70. He was born on that date. In 1752 when the present Gregorian Calendar (new style) came into use, February 11 became February 22.
71. The tin woodman in *The Wizard of Oz*.
72. Jesus fed the multitude with five loaves and two fishes (Matthew 14:16).